



Diabetes Ireland Research Alliance

Annual Report 2017



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Diabetes Ireland Research Alliance is fully compliant with the Charities Regulatory Authority. Diabetes Ireland Research Alliance is committed to achieving the standards contained within the Statement for Guiding Principles of Fundraising.

About Diabetes Ireland Research Alliance

The Diabetes Ireland Research Alliance (DIRA) was set up in 2008 as a subsidiary of Diabetes Ireland, the national charity supporting people with diabetes in Ireland. The Diabetes Ireland Research Alliance has the specific aim of promoting, supporting and funding research related to the causes, prevention and cure of diabetes.

Our objectives

- To conduct, promote, support and fund research related to the causes, prevention and cure of diabetes, and into improvements in the management of the condition and its complications; and to publish and disseminate the useful results of any such research.
- To prioritise and progressively increase funding for research in Ireland.
- To advance the understanding of diabetes through research.

Our Board Members

Professor Seamus Sreenan (Chair)

Mr Kieran O'Leary (Director)

Professor Hillary Hoey (Director)

Mr Danny McDaid (Director)

Dr Ronan Canavan

Dr Sheelagh Wickham

Professor Gerald Tomkin

Dr Anna Clarke

Dr Susan Smith – retired from committee March 2018

Professor Theresa Burke

Dr Mark Murphy (joined April 2018)

Ms Fiona Boland (joined April 2018)

Dr Susan Smith resigned from the committee in March 2018 and was replaced by Dr Mark Murphy. Ms Fiona Boland joined the committee in March 2018.

DIRA, during the calendar year 1st July 2017 to 30th June 2018, continued to be a strong advocate promoting Irish diabetes research ensuring that Irish Researchers were offered the best possible opportunities to find a cure for diabetes and its complications, to minimise the development of diabetes and its complications where possible and support people living with diabetes to retain their optimal health while waiting on a cure. DIRA worked with multidisciplinary research teams, academic students and professional clinicians all working towards improved outcomes for people with diabetes. Through the support of its committee, DIRA has collaborated in research study applications, provided guidance on expert panels, secured funding for new projects, fast-tracked recruitment processes when appropriate in an endeavor to move Irish diabetes research forward and put funding towards both an Irish based and a UK based research project.

Achievements and Key Activities in 2017/2018:

JDRF Partnership

The Diabetes Ireland Research Alliance funding support of “Islet Encapsulation for Transplantation: Nano-Versus Micro-Encapsulation project via its partnership with JDRF (UK) ceased in July 2017 as the project ended. Another project namely “Using stem cells to model and treat diabetic retinopathy” led by Principal investigator Dr Reinhold Medina, Queens University, Belfast was selected for funding. JDRF also made a commitment to provide 1 day a month professional time to support Irish fundraising for the new project.

Type 1 Irish Funded Research

The 2015 HRB/Diabetes Ireland Research Alliance 2-year joint funded project "Identifying the Aetiology of Diabetic Progenitor Cell Dysfunction In Osteoporosis" was completed. The cost of the study was €224,958 of which DIRA paid €56,239 plus a Medical Research Charities Group (MRCG) levy of €8,435. The results were reported to the Irish Diabetes Community at the Diabetes Ireland Health Awareness Exhibition in November 2017 and Diabetes Ireland Conference and Exhibition in February 2018. The study continues to collect samples from individuals with diabetes having hip surgery to further expand their database and further validate their findings.

Type 2 Irish Funded Research

Under the 2017 HRB/MRCG Research Award Scheme, Diabetes Ireland Research Alliance continued their unique collaboration with the Irish Cancer Society, The Alzheimer Society of Ireland and the Irish Heart Foundation to fund the study “Peer-to-peer motivational interview intervention for smoking, alcohol and physical activity among at-risk adolescents in low SES communities.”

The funding for this 3-year project is €284,409 of which Diabetes Ireland Research Alliance agreed to pay €28,436 plus an MRCG levy of €2,370. The final payment of €10,124 is due in March 2019.

2018 DIRA/MRCG/HRB call

The call for the 2018 HRB/MRCG research awards was opened in November 2017 with a final closing date of 8th January 2018. International review was undertaken on twelve applications to aid the committee in selecting a project for submission to the HRB with a recommendation for funding. The study “Towards novel anti-infectives with enhanced wound healing for diabetic foot infections” was submitted to the HRB in April 2018 with final approval awaited.

Other Key Activities

During the 2017/2018 audit year, Diabetes Ireland Research Alliance has:

Collaborated with Irish researchers

- Aided recruitment with Dr Veronica Lambert on a HRB funded research project entitled: *Parent-adolescent communication and negotiation of self-management responsibilities for adolescents' with Type 1 Diabetes*. The study now at final stage examines parent-adolescent communication and negotiation of self-management responsibilities for adolescents' with Type 1 Diabetes.
- Supported, through representation on the Expert Steering Group, the study- *A randomized placebo-controlled trial of low-dose aspirin initiated in the first trimester for optimising pregnancy outcome in pregestational diabetes: The Ireland Study*. The study is close to commencing its recruitment phase.
- Supported the application for funding by Professor Kearney, University College Cork for the *Study of the feasibility of an intervention to increase attendance for retinopathy screening among people with diabetes* which was successful.
- Supported the application for funding by Professor Fidelma Dunne, University College Galway for the study *Screening for and Treatment of Gestational Diabetes Mellitus (GDM) in Early Pregnancy*. The outcome is not yet known.
- Supported the application by Dr Shane O'Donnell, University College Dublin for the Horizon 2020 funding for the study *The DIY Artificial Pancreas*. The outcome is not yet known.
- Advertised and presented at *The Patient Voice in Diabetes* held in the Conway Institute, University College Dublin on Wednesday 13th June.

Recruitment was assisted

- by posting to the Diabetes Ireland database for the study *Understanding why people attend or don't attend at structured education programmes for Type 2 diabetes* under the direction of Dr Jenny McSharry, Dr Molly Byrne and Dr Sean Dinneen of Galway University Hospital.
- by advertising the Diabetes Australia world-wide study *'Diabetes and Non-diabetes diagnoses, Psychological Distress, Self-control, Food addiction and BMI'* through our social media.
- by supporting recruitment for the study led by Ms Aine Mahon, Maynooth University to examine *Diabetes-related distress and Quality of Life in young Irish adults with type 1 Diabetes*.
- by supporting the SPHERE PhD candidate: Katarzyna Gajewska to recruit focus groups for her study *Assessing insulin pump therapy and service by adults with type 1 diabetes in Ireland. Insulin Pumps National Survey of Diabetes Clinics*.
- by supporting the HSE to gather the views of patients for their survey *Your Voice Matters* and attended workshops to further elicit responses.

To facilitate recruitment, the website was updated to include a section whereby researchers could advertise recruitment for their studies through an online portal.

Future Plans

During 2018, DIRA plans to

Hold a public information research meeting.
Continue to support the UK based study through our JDRF partnership.
Support Irish researchers through, letters of support, collaboration with projects, assist in recruitment etc.
Collaborate with other charities to determine if another joint charity collaboration could be formed to enhance research funding opportunities.

Statement of Accounts 2017

Diabetes Ireland Research Alliance CLG

(A company limited by guarantee, without a share capital)

Director's Report for the year ended 30 June 2018

The directors present their report and the audited financial statements for the year ended 30 June 2018.

Principal Activity

The Diabetes Ireland Research Alliance (DIRA) was set up in 2008 as a subsidiary of Diabetes Ireland, the national charity supporting people with diabetes in Ireland. The Diabetes Ireland Research Alliance has the specific aim of promoting, supporting and funding research related to the causes, prevention and cure of diabetes.

Our Objectives

- To conduct, promote, support and fund research related to the causes, prevention and cure of diabetes, and into improvements in the management of the condition and its complications; and to publish and disseminate the useful results of any such research.
- To prioritise and progressively increase funding for research in Ireland
- To advance the understanding of diabetes through research.

The Company is limited by guarantee not having a share capital.

Our Committee Members and Directors

Professor Seamus Sreenan (Chair)
Dr Ronan Canavan
Dr Sheelagh Wickham
Professor Gerald Tomkin
Dr Anna Clarke
Mr Kieran O'Leary (Director)
Dr Susan Smith – retired from committee March 2018
Professor Hillary Hoey (Director)
Mr Leonard O'Connor
Mr Danny McDaid (Director)
Professor Theresa Burke
Dr Mark Murphy Gained April 2018
Ms Fiona Boland Gained April 2018

Dr Susan Smith resigned from the committee in March 2018. She was replaced by Dr Mark Murphy. Ms Fiona Boland joined the committee in March 2018. The secretary who served throughout the year was Daniel McDaid.

Financial Results

The deficit for the year amounted to € (32,693), (2017 - € (24,645)).

At the end of the year, the company has assets of €105,361 (2017 - €142,252) and liabilities of €14,709 (2017 - €18,907). The net assets of the company have decreased by € (32,693).

Achievements and Performance

Diabetes Ireland Research Alliance CLG during the calendar year 1st July 2017 to 30th June 2018 continued to be a strong advocate promoting Irish diabetes research ensuring that Irish Researchers were offered the best possible opportunities to find a cure for diabetes and its complications, to minimise the development of diabetes and its complications where possible and support people living with diabetes to retain their optimal health while waiting on a cure.

DIRA worked with multidisciplinary research teams, academic students and professional clinicians all working towards improved outcomes for people with diabetes. Through the support of its committee, DIRA has collaborated in research study applications, provided guidance on expert panels, secured funding for new projects, fast-tracked recruitment processes when appropriate in an endeavour to move Irish diabetes research forward and has provided funds for a UK based project.

JDRF Partnership

The Diabetes Ireland Research Alliance CLG funding of "Islet Encapsulation for Transplantation: Nano-Versus Micro- Encapsulation project via its partnership with JDRF (UK) ceased in July as the project ended. Another project was selected i.e. "Using stem cells to model and treat diabetic retinopathy" led by Principal Investigator Dr. Reinhold Medina, Queens University, and Belfast. JDRF also made a commitment to give 1 day a month professional time to support Irish fundraising activity.

Type 1 Irish Funded Research

The 2015 HRS/Diabetes Ireland Research Alliance Award Scheme funded project "Identifying the Aetiology of Diabetic Progenitor Cell Dysfunction in Osteoporosis" was completed. The cost of the study was €224,958 of which Diabetes Ireland Research Alliance paid €56,239 plus a Medical Research Charities Group levy of €8,435.

The results were reported to the Irish Diabetes Community at the Diabetes Ireland Health Awareness Exhibition in November 2017 and Diabetes Ireland Healthcare Professional Conference and Exhibition in February 2018. The study continues to collect samples from individuals with diabetes having hip surgery to further expand their database and further validate their findings.

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The call for the HRS/Diabetes Ireland Research Alliance Research Award Scheme was opened in November 2017 with a final closing date of January 8th 2018. International review was undertaken on

12 applications to aid the committee in selecting a project for submission to the HRB with a recommendation for funding. The study "Towards novel anti-infectives with enhanced wound healing for diabetic foot infections" was submitted to the HRB in April 2018 with final approval awaited.

Other Key Activities

During the 2017/2018 audit year, Diabetes Ireland Research Alliance has:

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- aided recruitment with Dr Veronica Lambert on a HRB funded research project entitled: Parent-adolescent communication and negotiation of self-management responsibilities for adolescents with Type 1 Diabetes. The study now at final stage examines parent-adolescent communication and negotiation of self- management responsibilities for adolescents with Type 1 Diabetes.
- Supported, through representation on the Expert Steering Group, the study- A randomized placebo-controlled trial of low-dose aspirin initiated in the first trimester for optimising pregnancy outcome in pregestational diabetes: The Ireland Study. The study is close to commencing its recruitment phase.
- Supported the application for funding by Professor Kearney, University College Cork for the Study of the feasibility of an intervention to increase attendance for retinopathy screening among people with diabetes which was successful.

Recruitment was assisted:

- by posting to the Diabetes Ireland database for the study Understanding why people attend or don't attend at structured education programmes for Type 2 diabetes under the direction of Dr Jenny Mc Sharry, Dr Molly Byrne, Dr Sean Dinneen, Galway University Hospital
- by advertising the Diabetes Australia world-wide study 'Diabetes and Non-diabetes diagnoses, Psychological Distress, Self-control, Food addiction and BM/' through our social media.
- by supporting recruitment for the study, led by Ms Aina Mahon, Maynooth University to examine Diabetes- related distress and Quality of Life in young Irish adults with type 1 Diabetes.

To facilitate recruitment, the website was updated to include a section whereby researchers could advertise recruitment for their studies through an online portal.

Future Plans

During 2018, DIRA plans to;

- Hold another research update meeting for members of the public,
- Continue to support the UK based study through our JDRF partnership,
- Support Irish researchers through, letters of support, collaboration with projects, assist in recruitment etc.
- Collaborate with other charities to determine if another joint charity collaboration could be formed to enhance research funding opportunities.

Post Statement of Financial Position Events

There have been no significant events affecting the company since the year-end.

Political Contributions

The company did not make any disclosable political donations in the current year.

Auditors

BCK Audit, Accounting & Tax Limited, (Certified Public Accountants), were appointed auditors by the directors to fill the casual vacancy and they have expressed their willingness to continue in office in accordance with the provisions of section 383(2) of the Companies Act 2014. McCloskey & Co resigned as auditors during the year and the directors appointed BCK Audit, Accounting & Tax Limited, (Certified Public Accountants), to fill the vacancy.

Payment of Creditors

The directors acknowledge their responsibility for ensuring compliance with the provisions of the European Communities (Late Payment in Commercial Transactions) Regulations 2012. It is the company's policy to agree payment terms with all suppliers and to adhere to those payment terms.

Statement on Relevant Audit Information

So far as the directors are aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the statutory auditors are unaware. The directors have taken all steps that they ought to have taken to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and they have established that the statutory auditors are aware of that information.

Accounting Records

To ensure that adequate accounting records are kept in accordance with sections 281 to 285 of the Companies Act 2014, the directors have employed appropriately qualified accounting personnel and have maintained appropriate computerised accounting systems. The accounting records are located at the company's office at 19 Northwood Campus, Northwood Business Campus, Santry, Dublin 9.

Signed on behalf of the board



Hilary Hoey
Director

Date: 21.10.18



Daniel McDaid
Director

Date: 21.10.18

Diabetes Ireland Research Alliance CLG

(A company limited by guarantee, without a share capital)

Director's Responsibilities Statement for the year ended 30 June 2018

The directors are responsible for preparing the Directors' Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable Irish law and regulations.

Irish company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under the law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with the Companies Act 2014 and FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" issued by the Financial Reporting Council. Under company law, the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities and financial position of the company as at the financial year end date and of the surplus or deficit of the company for the financial year and otherwise comply with the Companies Act 2014.

In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

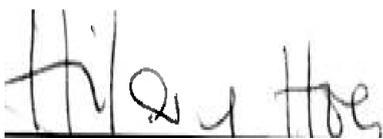
- select suitable accounting policies for the company financial statements and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether the financial statements have been prepared in accordance with applicable accounting standards, identify those standards, and note the effect and the reasons for any material departure from those standards; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for ensuring that the company keeps or causes to be kept adequate accounting records which correctly explain and record the transactions of the company, enable at any time the assets, liabilities, financial position and surplus or deficit of the company to be determined with reasonable accuracy and enable them to ensure that the financial statements and Directors' Report comply with the Companies Act 2014 and enable the financial statements to be readily and properly audited. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

In so far as the directors are aware:

- there is no relevant audit information (information needed by the company's auditor in connection with preparing the auditor's report) of which the company's auditor is unaware, and
- the directors have taken all the steps that they ought to have taken to make themselves **aware** of any relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditor is aware of that information.

Signed on behalf of the board



Hilary Hoey
Director

Date: 21.10.18



Daniel McDaid
Director

Date: 21.10.18

Independent Auditors' Report to the Members of Diabetes Ireland Research Alliance CLG

(A company limited by guarantee, without a share capital)

Report on the audit of the financial statements

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Diabetes Ireland Research Alliance CLG ('the company') for the year ended 30 June 2018 which comprise the Statement of Financial Activities, the Statement of Financial Position, the Statement of Cash Flows and the related notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies set out in note 2. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is Irish Law and FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland".

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities and financial position of the company as at 30 June 2018 and of its deficit for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland"; and
- have been properly prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2014.

Basis for opinion:

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (Ireland) (ISAs (Ireland)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the company in accordance with ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of financial statements in Ireland, including the Ethical Standard for Auditors (Ireland) issued by the Irish Auditing and Accounting Supervisory Authority (**IAASA**), and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Conclusions relating to going concern:

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which ISAs (Ireland) require us to report to you where:

- the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is not appropriate; or
- the directors have not disclosed in the financial statements any identified material uncertainties that may cast significant doubt about the company's ability to continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting for a period of at least twelve months from the date when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

Other Information

The directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the annual report other than the financial statements and our Auditor's Report thereon. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether there is a material misstatement in the financial statements or a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Opinions on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2014

Based solely on the work undertaken in the course of the audit, we report that:

- in our opinion, the information given in the Directors' Report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements; and
- in our opinion, the Directors' Report has been prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 2014.

We have obtained all the information and explanations which we consider necessary for the purposes of our audit. In our opinion the accounting records of the company were sufficient to permit the financial statements to be readily and properly audited. The financial statements are in agreement with the accounting records.

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

Based on the knowledge and understanding of the company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified any material misstatements in the Directors' Report. The Companies Act 2014 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion, the disclosures of directors' remuneration and transactions required by sections 305 to 312 of the Act are not made. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Respective responsibilities

Responsibilities of directors for the financial statements

As explained more fully in the Directors' Responsibilities Statement, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as they determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to the going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the company or to cease operation, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an Auditor's Report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (Ireland) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

Further information regarding the scope of our responsibilities as auditor

As part of an audit in accordance with ISAs (Ireland), we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the directors.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our Auditor's Report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our Auditor's Report. However, future events or conditions may cause the company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

The purpose of our audit work and to whom we owe our responsibilities

Our report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with section 391 of the Companies Act 2014. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an Auditor's Report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume any responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members, as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.



Darren Connolly

For and on behalf of

BCK AUDIT, ACCOUNTING & TAX LIMITED

Certified Public Accountants and Statutory Audit Firm

Suite 4 & 5

Bridgewater Business Centre

Conyngham Road Islandbridge Dublin 8

D08 T9NH

Ireland

Date: 21 October 2018

Financial Statements 2017

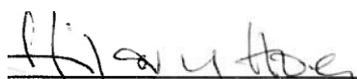
Statement of Financial Activities for the Year ended 30 June 2018

	Notes	Restricted Funds 2018 €	Unrestricted Funds 2018 €	Total 2018 €	Total 2017 € as restated
Income and Endowments from					
Donations Gifts & Legacies		-	11,619	11,619	24,791
Charitable Activities		-	-	-	-
Other activities		-	-	-	-
Investment Income		-	30	30	33
Total Income	5	-	11,649	11,649	24,824
Expenditure On					
Governance Costs	6	-	947	947	3,020
Charitable Activities	7	-	43,395	43,395	46,449
Total Expenditure		-	44,342	44,342	49,469
(Deficit)/Surplus for the year		-	(32,693)	(32,693)	(24,645)
Transfers between funds					
Funding Balances brought forward at 1 July		-	117,255	117,255	147,990
Transfers between funds		-	-	-	-
Prior period adjustment		-	6,090	6,090	-
Total funds carried forward		-	90,652	90,652	123,345

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION
as at 30 June 2018

	Notes	2018 €	2017 € as restated
Current Assets			
Receivables	9	17,709	6,090
Cash and cash equivalents		87,652	136,162
		105,361	142,252
Payables: Amounts falling due within one year	10	(14,709)	(18,907)
Net Current Assets		90,652	123,345
Total Assets less Current Liabilities		90,652	123,345
Funds			
Restricted Reserves		-	-
Unrestricted Reserves		90,652	123,345
		90,652	123,345
Funds of the Organisation		90,652	123,345

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the small companies' regime.
Approved by the board on 15 October 2018 signed on its behalf by:



Hilary Hoey
Director



Daniel McDaid
Director

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS
for the year ended 30 June 2018

	Notes	2018 €	2017 € as restated
Cash flows from operating activities			
Deficit for the year		(32,693)	(24,645)
Adjustments for:			
Finance income		(30)	(33)
		<u>(32,723)</u>	<u>(24,678)</u>
Movements in working capital:			
Movement in payables		(6,678)	6,339
		<u>(39,401)</u>	<u>(18,339)</u>
Cash flows from investing activities			
Interest received		30	33
Cash flows from financing activities			
Advances to subsidiaries/group companies		(11,619)	-
Movement in funding from subsidiaries/group companies		2,480	4,947
		<u>(9,139)</u>	<u>4,947</u>
Net cash (used in)/generated from financing activities			
		<u>(48,510)</u>	<u>(13,359)</u>
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents		(48,510)	(13,359)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of financial year		136,162	149,521
		<u>136,162</u>	<u>136,162</u>
Cash and cash equivalents at end of financial year	15	87,652	136,162
		<u><u>87,652</u></u>	<u><u>136,162</u></u>

Diabetes Ireland Research Alliance CLG
(A company limited by guarantee, without a share capital)

Notes to the Financial Statements
For the year ended 30 June 2018

1. General Information

Diabetes Ireland Research Alliance CLG is a company limited by guarantee incorporated in the Republic of Ireland. The registered office of the company is 19 Northwood Campus, Northwood Business Campus, Santry, Dublin 9, which is also the principal place of business of the company. The nature of the company's operations and its principal activities are set out in the Directors' Report. The financial statements have been presented in Euro (€) which is also the functional currency of the company.

2. Accounting Policies

The following accounting policies have been applied consistently in dealing with items which are considered material in relation to the company's financial statements.

Statement of compliance

The financial statements are prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 2014 and FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" issued by the Financial Reporting Council. The company has applied the recommendations contained in Charities SORP (FRS 102) effective 1 January 2015.

The following accounting policies have been applied consistently in dealing with items which are considered material in relation to the company's financial statements.

Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared on the going concern basis and in accordance with the historical cost convention. The financial statements have been prepared on the going concern basis and in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles in Ireland and Irish statute comprising the Companies Act 2014. To comply with the financial reporting standards of the Financial Reporting Council, the following accounting policies have been applied consistently in dealing with the items which are considered material in relation to the company's financial statements. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is the Companies Act 2014 and FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" issued by the Financial Reporting Council.

Incoming Resources

Income from events is recognised as earned and received.

Income is recognised where there is entitlement, certainty of receipt and the amount can be measured with sufficient reliability. Income includes donations, gifts, bequests, income from donation of assets and membership income. Membership income is accounted for and deferred on a time basis. Income also includes any grant income received to carry on the charitable purpose of the organisation. This income may be classed as restricted or unrestricted dependant on the conditions included in each agreement.

Grants from governments and institutional donors, are recognised as income when the activities which they are intended to fund have been undertaken, the related expenditure incurred, and there is reasonable certainty of receipt.

Investment income is recognised on a receivable basis. Investment income includes income received on deposits held by the charity and income from any other investments.

Income from charitable activities includes income recognised as earned (as the related goods or services are provided). Income from charitable activities would include income received for events and meetings held during the year.

Resources Expended

Expenditure is recognised when a liability is incurred. Funding provided through contractual agreements and performance related grants are recognised as goods or services supplied. Other grant payments are recognised when a constructive obligation arises that results in the payment being an unavoidable commitment.

Costs of generating funds are those costs incurred in attracting voluntary income, and those incurred in trading activities that raise funds.

Support costs include those incurred in the governance by the Board of the charity's assets and are primarily associated with constitutional and statutory requirements of managing the organisation.

Fund Accounting

Unrestricted funds are general funds that are available for use at the boards' discretion in furtherance of any of the objectives of the charity.

Restricted funds are those received for use in a particular area or for specific purposes, the use of which is restricted to that area or purpose and the restriction means that the funds can only be used for specific projects or activities.

Receivables

Receivables are initially recognised at fair value and thereafter stated at amortised cost using the effective interest method less impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts except where the effect of discounting would be immaterial. In such cases the receivables are stated at cost less impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts.

Payables

Payables are initially recognised at fair value and thereafter stated at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method, unless the effect of discounting would be immaterial, in which case they are stated at cost.

Taxation

No charge to current or deferred taxation arises as the charity has been granted charitable status under Sections 207 and 208 of the Taxes Consolidation Act 1997, Charity No CHY 18304.

Foreign currencies

Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the rates of exchange ruling at the Statement of Financial Position date. Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are translated at the rates of exchange ruling at the date of the transaction. Non-monetary items that are measured at fair value in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates at the date when the fair value was determined. The resulting exchange differences are dealt with in the Income Statement.

3. Significant Accounting Judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty

The preparation of these financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of policies and reported amounts of assets and liabilities, income and expenses.

Judgements and estimates are continually evaluated and are based on historical experiences and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

The charity makes its estimates and assumptions concerning the future. The resulting accounting estimates will, by definition, seldom equal the related actual results. The estimates and assumptions that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of the assets and liabilities within the next financial year are discussed below.

(a) Establishing useful economic lives for depreciation purposes of tangible fixed assets

Long-lived assets, consisting primarily of tangible fixed assets, comprise a significant portion of the total assets. The annual depreciation charge depends primarily on the estimated useful economic lives of each type of asset and estimates of residual values. The trustees regularly review these asset useful economic lives and change them as necessary to reflect current thinking on remaining lives in light of

prospective economic utilisation and physical condition of the assets concerned. Changes in asset useful lives can have a significant impact on depreciation and amortisation charges for the period. Detail of the useful economic lives is included in the accounting policies.

4. Departure from Companies Act 2014 presentation

The directors have elected to present a Statement of Financial Activities instead of a Profit and Loss Account in these financial statements as this company is a not-for-profit entity.

Diabetes Ireland Research Alliance CLG
(A company limited by guarantee, without a share capital)

Notes to the Financial Statements
For the year ended 30 June 2018

5. INCOME

The income for the year has been derived from:

	Restricted	Unrestricted	2018	2017
	€	€	€	€
Income from Donations, Gifts & Legacies				
Type 2 Diabetes Fundraising	-	1,115	1,115	5,870
DIRA/JDRF Type 1 Diabetes Fundraising	-	10,504	10,504	18,921
	-	11,619	11,619	24,791
Investment Income				
Other Income	-	30	30	33
	-	30	30	33
	-	11,649	11,649	24,824

6. Governance Costs

	Restricted	Unrestricted	2018	2017
	€	€	€	€
Audit	-	2,030	2,030	2,460
Bank Charges	-	136	136	240
General Expenses	-	-	-	20
Write back of PY accrual	-	(2,020)	(2,020)	-
Subscriptions	-	801	801	300
	-	947	947	3,020

7. Expenditure on Charitable Activities

	Restricted	Unrestricted	2018	2017
	€	€	€	€
Grant Fees	-	9,857	9,857	-
Grants Paid Out	-	28,286	28,286	36,989
Contribution to JDRF	-	5,252	5,252	9,460
	-	43,395	43,395	46,449

8. EMPLOYEES

There were no employees during the year.

No members of the board of directors received any remuneration during the year. No director or other person related to the charity had any personal interest in any contract or transaction entered into by the charity during the year.

9. RECEIVABLES	2018	2017
	€	€
Amounts owed by related parties	<u>17,709</u>	<u>6,090</u>

10. PAYABLES

	2018	2017
	€	€
Amounts falling due within one year	7,427	4,947
Amounts owed to related parties	5,252	11,480
Other Creditors	2,030	2,480
Accruals	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
	<u>14,709</u>	<u>18,907</u>

11. Capital Commitments

The company had no material capital commitments at the year-ended 30 June 2018.

12. Contingent Liabilities

The company had no contingent liabilities at the yearend 30th June 2018

13. Related Party transactions

Diabetes Federation of Ireland

During the year, DIRA received donations made via DFI totalling €7,205 (2017: €5,870). DFI is also responsible for the administration of DIRA.

At the year-end, there was a balance owed to DIRA from DFI of€10,282 (2017: balance due to DFI €4,947).

14. Events after end of reporting period

There have been no significant events affecting the company since the year-end.

15. Cash and Equivalents	2018	2017
	€	€
Cash and bank balances	8,845	57,385
Cash equivalents	<u>78,807</u>	<u>78,777</u>
	<u>87,652</u>	<u>136,162</u>

16. Prior Year Adjustment

In the prior year, an amount of €6,090 was not reflected as a receivable to DFI. As a result of this, in the current year, a prior year adjustment has been made for this amount to correct the balance.

17. Approval of Financial Statements

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board of directors on 21 October 2018.